

PERRIS
PUBLIC UTILITY AUTHORITY
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2009

Perris Public Utility Authority
Annual Audit Report
Year Ended June 30, 2009

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Perris Public Utility Authority
Perris, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Perris Public Utility Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of the City of Perris, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which comprise the Authority's basic component unit financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These basic component unit financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic component unit financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic component unit financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic component unit financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic component unit financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1.A, the basic component unit financial statements present only the Authority and are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City of Perris in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the basic component unit financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Authority as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 29, 2009 on our consideration of the City of Perris internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Authority has not presented the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of the basic component unit financial statements.

Teaman Ramirez & Smith

December 29, 2009

Perris Public Utility Authority
Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2009

ASSETS

Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 26,947
Accounts Receivable	173,024
Interest Receivable	16
Noncurrent Assets:	
Land, Not Being Depreciated	300,564
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	<u>10,899,244</u>
 Total Assets	 <u>11,399,795</u>

LIABILITIES

Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	184,381
Due to Other Governments	167,295
Deposits	15,255
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Advance from Perris Redevelopment Agency	1,997,781
Notes Payable	<u>9,360,000</u>
 Total Liabilities	 <u>11,724,712</u>

NET ASSETS

Unrestricted	<u>(324,917)</u>
 Total Net Assets (Deficit)	 <u>\$ (324,917)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Perris Public Utility Authority
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets
Year Ended June 30, 2009

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for Services	\$ 283,437
Miscellaneous	<u>2,358</u>
Total Operating Revenues	<u>285,795</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Maintenance and Operations	10,573
Contractual Services	225,945
Repairs and Maintenance	13,787
Administrative and General	200,255
Depreciation	<u>160,192</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>610,752</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>(324,957)</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUE	
Investment Income	<u>40</u>
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)	<u>40</u>
Change in Net Assets	(324,917)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	<u>0</u>
Net Assets, End of Year	<u><u>\$ (324,917)</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Perris Public Utility Authority
Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended June 30, 2009

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Cash Received from Customers	\$ 128,026
Cash Payments for Employee Services	(7,639)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	<u>(258,540)</u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>(138,153)</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Advances from Other Governments	<u>167,295</u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	<u>167,295</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Acquisition of Capital Assets	(2,000,000)
Advances from Other Governments	<u>1,997,781</u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>(2,219)</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Investment Income	<u>24</u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) from Investments Activities	<u>24</u>

Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	<u>0</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	<u><u>\$ 26,947</u></u>

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating Income	\$ (324,957)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	160,192
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Accounts and Other Receivables (Increase) Decrease	(173,024)
Deposits (Increase) Decrease	15,255
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Increase (Decrease)	<u>184,381</u>

TOTAL CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

\$ (138,153)

Noncash Capital Activities:

Notes Payable for Capital Assets	\$ 9,360,000
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Perris Public Utility Authority
Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2009

1) REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A) Reporting Entity

The City of Perris (City) and the Perris Redevelopment Agency (Agency) formed a Joint Powers Authority, pursuant to a Joint Exercise Powers Agreement, dated as of December 29, 1999, by and between the Agency and the City. The Perris Public Utility Authority (Utility Authority) was created to assist the City in its financing objectives by purchasing and operating the Sewer and Water systems from the City.

The City and the Utility Authority entered into a "Purchase Agreement", dated March 16, 2000, to sell the Sewer and Water Enterprise from the City to the Utility Authority. The sale price was based upon the completion of an appraisal of the Enterprise, which was not completed until November 2000. On August 28, 2001, the original purchase agreement was rescinded and replaced by a new purchase agreement. This agreement was subsequently rescinded on February 12, 2002. Therefore transactions related to the sale have not been enacted nor are they presented in these financial statements. The Utility Authority, in December 2008, purchased the McCanna Ranch Water Company.

The Authority's office and records are located at City Hall, 101 North "D" Street, Perris, California, telephone number (951) 943-2906.

The Authority is a component unit of the City of Perris and, accordingly, the financial statements of the Authority are included in the financial statements of the City of Perris. The Authority is an integral part of the reporting entity of the City of Perris. The funds of the Authority have been blended within the financial statements of the City because the City Council of the City of Perris is the governing board of the Authority and exercises control over the operations of the Authority. Only the funds of the Authority are included herein, therefore, these financial statements do not purport to represent the financial position or results of operations of the City of Perris.

B) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The Authority's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as they are applicable to governmental units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Authority reports its activities as an enterprise fund, which is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise, where the intent of the Authority is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges and space rentals. The Authority financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from those revenues and expenses that are non-operating. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated by utility services while operating expenses pertain directly to the furnishing of those services. Non-operating revenues and expenses are those revenues and expenses generated that are not directly associated with the normal business of utility services.

Perris Public Utility Authority
Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2009

1) REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

B) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The accounting policies of the Authority conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental enterprise funds. In accordance with GASB Statement 20, the Authority has elected to apply all Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, with the exception of those that conflict with or contradict GASB Pronouncements.

C) Cash and Cash Equivalents

In accordance with GASB Statement 9, for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all cash and investments with original maturities of 90 days or less are considered cash or cash equivalents.

D) Investments

As a governmental entity other than an external investment pool in accordance with GASB 31, the Authority's investments are stated at fair value except for interest-earning investment contracts. At June 30, 2009, the Authority held no investments; therefore, no adjustment is reflected in these financial statements.

E) Uncollectible Accounts Receivable

The Authority uses the allowance method for uncollectible accounts receivable but deemed no allowance is necessary.

F) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, building improvements, machinery, vehicles, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Capital assets purchased in excess of \$5,000, and buildings and building improvements purchased in excess of \$20,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of 2 years or more. Infrastructure is capitalized if cost is in excess of \$50,000 and it has an expected useful life of 2 years or more. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset's lives are not capitalized.

Major capital outlay for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. For debt-financed capital assets, interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalization value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. Capital assets acquired through lease obligations are valued at the present value of future lease payments at the date acquired. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Perris Public Utility Authority
Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2009

2) REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

F) Capital Assets - Continued

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements of the proprietary funds. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective balance sheet. The range of lives used for depreciation purposes for each capital asset class is as follows:

Buildings	30 - 45 years
Building Improvements	7 - 30 years
Machinery	6 - 15 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years
Infrastructure	20 - 40 years
Structures and Improvements	35 - 40 years
Reservoirs and Manholes	50 - 60 years
Boosters	25 years
Other Equipment and Services	35 - 60 years

G) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses/expenditures, as appropriate, as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets:

Cash	\$ <u>26,947</u>
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Cash and investments consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ <u>26,947</u>
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Perris Public Utility Authority
Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2009

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Authority's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the Authority's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the Authority's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity ⁽¹⁾	Maximum Percentage Of Portfolio ⁽²⁾	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	80%	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	80%	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	15%	5%
Commercial Paper	270 days	15% of market value	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	20%	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium - Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	80%	None
JPA Pools (Other Investment Pools)	N/A	None	None

⁽¹⁾ No more than 50% of the portfolio shall have maturity dates in excess of 2 years at any given time.

⁽²⁾ Excluding amounts held by bond trustee that are not subject to California Government Code Restrictions.

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the Authority's investment policy.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the Authority manages its exposure to interest rates risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Perris Public Utility Authority
Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2009

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the Authority contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the Government Code.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the Authority's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Authority deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2009, no deposits of the Authority with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in uncollateralized accounts. As of June 30, 2009, the Authority held no investments.

4) CAPITAL ASSETS

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 0	\$ 300,564	\$ 0	\$ 300,564
Total Capital Assets Not Depreciated	0	300,564	0	300,564
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Major Equipment		396,481		396,481
Structures and Improvements		244,829		244,829
Reservoirs		1,608,367		1,608,367
Mains		5,641,405		5,641,405
Services		1,335,421		1,335,421
Meters		204,327		204,327
Hydrants		656,884		656,884
Wells		971,722		971,722
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	0	11,059,436	0	11,059,436

Perris Public Utility Authority
Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2009

4) CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Major Equipment		9,913		9,913
Structures and Improvements		2,889		2,889
Reservoirs		17,871		17,871
Mains		80,591		80,591
Services		22,257		22,257
Meters		3,405		3,405
Hydrants		9,384		9,384
Wells		13,882		13,882
Total Accumulated Depreciation	0	160,192	0	160,192
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	0	10,899,244	0	10,899,244
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 0	\$ 11,199,808	\$ 0	\$ 11,199,808

3) ADVANCE FROM PERRIS REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

The Perris Redevelopment Agency advanced the Authority \$1,997,781 in fiscal year 2009. These advances were used to assist the Authority in acquiring the McCanna Ranch Water Company. This advance is not expected to be paid within one year and bears no interest. Currently, there is no debt service schedule available. The balance of this advance is \$1,997,781 as of June 30, 2009.

4) NOTES PAYABLE

On December 12, 2008, the Perris Public Utility Authority entered into a promissory note with McCanna Ranch Water Company for \$9,360,000. The note is for the acquisition of the company's capital assets and operations. Interest on the note accrues at 2% per annum. The note is secured by the issuance of bonds. The first bond is required to equal or exceed \$4,950,000. The remaining \$4,410,000 shall be determined by the subsequent issuance of bonds according to the promissory note covenants. As of June 30, 2009, the Utility Authority has not issued bonds to finance the promissory note. The promissory note, currently, has no debt service schedule available. The balance of the promissory note is \$9,360,000 as of June 30, 2009.

5) DEFICIT NET ASSETS

The Perris Public Utility Authority has deficit retained earnings of \$(324,917) for the year ending June 30, 2009. This deficit is expected to be eliminated by revenue in future periods.