PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY FOR THE MARKHAM PROJECT

PERRIS, CALIFORNIA

Submitted to:
City of Perris
Planning and Development
135 North D Street
Perris, California  92570

Prepared for:
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September 26, 2016
**Archaeological Database Information**

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**Report Date:** September 26, 2016

**Report Title:** A Phase I Cultural Resources Survey for the Markham Project, Perris, California

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**Assessor’s Parcel Number(s):** Portions of APN 302-080-006

**USGS Quadrangle:** Perris, California (7.5 minute)

**Study Area:** 9.12-acre industrial site northeast of the intersection of West Markham Street and Indian Avenue

**Key Words:** USGS Perris Quadrangle (7.5 minute); archaeological survey; negative.
A Phase I Cultural Resources Survey for the Markham Project

I. INTRODUCTION

In response to a requirement by the City of Perris for the environmental assessment of a proposed industrial building site on the northeast corner of West Markham Street and Indian Avenue, Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc. (BFSA) conducted an archaeological survey of 9.12-acre Markham Project. The project is intended to develop industrial buildings on a partially disturbed but vacant parcel south of March Air Reserve Base, within portion of Assessor’s Parcel Number (APN) 302-080-006. Specifically, the property is located at Township 4 South, Range 3 West of the USGS Perris 7.5' topographic quadrangle (Attachment B). The project will include the grading and construction of a 104,080 square foot industrial building and associated parking lot. The archaeological survey, which was conducted on August 10, 2016, was completed in order to determine if cultural resources exist within the property. The survey did not identify any cultural resources within the Area of Potential Effect (APE). As part of this study, a copy of the report will be submitted to the Eastern Information Center (EIC) at the University of California at Riverside (UCR). All investigations conducted by BFSA related to this project conformed to California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and City of Perris environmental guidelines.

II. SETTING

Natural Environment

Riverside County lies in the Peninsular Ranges Geologic Province of southern California. The range, which lies in a northwest to southeast trend through the county, extends around 1,000 miles from the Raymond-Malibu Fault Zone in western Los Angeles County to the southern tip of Baja California. The subject property is generally flat. Elevations within the project range from approximately 1,464 to 1,467 feet above mean sea level (AMSL). The majority of the project is developed. The remainder of the property includes disturbed, disced, vegetated areas.

Soils in and around the project consist of Domino silt loam, saline-alkali, strongly saline-alkali, Exeter sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Exeter sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes, eroded, Exeter sandy loam, deep, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Hanford fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Pachappa fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Ramona sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes and Willows silt clay (Ramirez 2016). Currently, the project is characterized as disturbed commercial and agricultural land. Vegetation within the project corridor primarily consists of non-native trees, grasses, and weeds.

During the prehistoric period, vegetation near the project provided sufficient food resources to support prehistoric human occupants. Animals that inhabited the project during prehistoric times included mammals such as rabbits, squirrels, gophers, mice, rats, deer, and coyotes, in addition to a variety of reptiles and amphibians. The natural setting of the project during the prehistoric occupation offered a rich nutritional resource base. Fresh water was likely obtainable on a year-round basis from the San Jacinto River. Historically, the property likely contained the same plant and animal species that are present today.
Cultural Environment

Paleo Indian, Archaic Period Milling Stone Horizon, and the Late Prehistoric Shoshonean groups are the three general cultural periods represented in Riverside County. The following discussion of the cultural history of Riverside County references the San Dieguito Complex, Encinitas Tradition, Milling Stone Horizon, La Jolla Complex, Pauma Complex, and San Luis Rey Complex, since these culture sequences have been used to describe archaeological manifestations in the region. The Late Prehistoric component was represented by the Luiseño with influences from the Gabrielino, Cahuilla, and Serrano Indians. Absolute chronological information, where possible, will be incorporated into this discussion to examine the effectiveness of continuing to use these terms interchangeably. Reference will be made to the geological framework that divides the culture chronology of the area into four segments: the late Pleistocene (20,000 to 10,000 years before the present [YBP]), the early Holocene (10,000 to 6,650 YBP), the middle Holocene (6,650 to 3,350 YBP), and the late Holocene (3,350 to 200 YBP).

Paleo Indian Period (Late Pleistocene: 11,500 to circa 9,000 YBP)

The Paleo Indian Period is associated with the terminus of the late Pleistocene (12,000 to 10,000 YBP). The environment during the late Pleistocene was cool and moist, which allowed for glaciation in the mountains and the formation of deep, pluvial lakes in the deserts and basin lands (Moratto 1984). However, by the terminus of the late Pleistocene, the climate became warmer, which caused the glaciers to melt, sea levels to rise, greater coastal erosion, large lakes to recede and evaporate, extinction of Pleistocene megafauna, and major vegetation changes (Moratto 1984; Martin 1967, 1973; Fagan 1991). The coastal shoreline at 10,000 YBP, depending upon the particular area of the coast, was near the 30-meter isobath, or two to six kilometers farther west than its present location (Masters 1983).

Paleo Indians were likely attracted to multiple habitat types, including mountains, marshlands, estuaries, and lakeshores. These people likely subsisted using a more generalized hunting, gathering, and collecting adaptation utilizing a variety of resources including birds, mollusks, and both large and small mammals (Erlandson and Colten 1991; Moratto 1984; Moss and Erlandson 1995).

Archaic Period (Early and Middle Holocene: circa 9,000 to 1,300 YBP)

The Archaic Period of prehistory began with the onset of the Holocene around 9,000 YBP. The transition from the Pleistocene to the Holocene was a period of major environmental change throughout North America (Antevs 1953; Van Devender and Spaulding 1979). The general warming trend caused sea levels to rise, lakes to evaporate, and drainage patterns to change. In southern California, the general climate at the beginning of the early Holocene was marked by cool, moist periods and an increase in warm, dry periods and sea levels. The coastal shoreline at 8,000 YBP, depending upon the particular area of the coast, was near the 20-meter isobath, or one to four kilometers farther west than its present location (Masters 1983).
The rising sea level during the early Holocene created rocky shorelines and bays along the coast by flooding valley floors and eroding the coastline (Curry 1965; Inman 1983). Shorelines were primarily rocky with small littoral cells, as sediments were deposited at bay edges but rarely discharged into the ocean (Reddy 2000). These bays eventually evolved into lagoons and estuaries, which provided a rich habitat for mollusks and fish. The warming trend and rising sea levels generally continued until the late Holocene (4,000 to 3,500 YBP).

At the beginning of the late Holocene, sea levels stabilized, rocky shores declined, lagoons filled with sediment, and sandy beaches became established (Gallegos 1985; Inman 1983; Masters 1994; Miller 1966; Warren and Pavesic 1963). Many former lagoons became saltwater marshes surrounded by coastal sage scrub by the late Holocene (Gallegos 2002). The sedimentation of the lagoons was significant in that it had profound effects on the types of resources available to prehistoric peoples. Certain large mollusks lost their habitat, namely *Chione* and *Argopecten*, but it was gained for other small mollusks, particularly *Donax* (Gallegos 1985; Reddy 2000). The changing lagoon habitats resulted in the decline of larger shellfish, loss of drinking water, and loss of Torrey Pine nuts, causing a major depopulation of the coast as people shifted inland to reliable freshwater sources and intensified their exploitation of terrestrial small game and plants, including acorns (originally proposed by Rogers 1929; Gallegos 2002).

The Archaic Period in southern California is associated with a number of different cultures, complexes, traditions, periods, and horizons, including San Dieguito, La Jolla, Encinitas, Milling Stone, and Pauma, in addition to the Intermediate Period.

**Late Prehistoric Period (Late Holocene: 1,300 YBP to 1790)**

Approximately 1,350 YBP, a Shoshonean-speaking group from the Great Basin region moved into San Bernardino County, marking the transition to the Late Prehistoric Period. This period has been characterized by higher population densities and elaborations in social, political, and technological systems. Economic systems diversified and intensified during this period, with the continued elaboration of trade networks, the use of shell-bead currency, and the appearance of more labor-intensive, yet effective, technological innovations. Technological developments during this period included the introduction of the bow and arrow between A.D. 400 and 600 and the introduction of ceramics. Atlatl darts were replaced by smaller arrow darts, including the Cottonwood series points. Other hallmarks of the Late Prehistoric Period include cremation of the dead, and extensive trade networks as far-reaching as the Colorado River Basin.

**Protohistoric Period (Late Holocene: 1790 to Present)**

Ethnohistoric and ethnographic evidence indicates that three Shoshonean-speaking groups occupied portions of Riverside County including the Cahuilla, the Gabriellino, and the Luiseño. The Late Prehistoric component in the northwestern area of Riverside County and the southwestern area of San Bernardino County, north of the project, was represented by the Gabriellino and the Serrano Indians. According to Kroeber (1976), the Serrano probably owned a stretch of the Sierra Madre from Cucamonga eastward to above Mentone and halfway up to San
Timoteo Canyon, including the San Bernardino Valley and just missing Riverside County. However, Kroeber (1976) also stated that this area has been assigned to the Gabrielino, “which would be a more natural division of topography, since it would leave the Serrano pure mountaineers.” The geographic boundaries between these groups in pre- and proto-historic times are difficult to place, but the project is located within the borders of ethnographic Luiseño territory.

The Luiseño were a seasonal hunting and gathering people with cultural elements that were very distinct from Archaic Period peoples. These distinctions include cremation of the dead, the use of the bow and arrow, and exploitation of the acorn as a main food staple (Moratto 1984). Along the coast, the Luiseño made use of available marine resources by fishing and collecting mollusks for food. Seasonally available terrestrial resources, including acorns and game, were also sources of nourishment for Luiseño groups. Elaborate kinship and clan systems between the Luiseño and other groups facilitated a wide-reaching trade network that included trade of Obsidian Butte obsidian and other resources from the eastern deserts, as well as steatite from the Channel Islands.

At the time of Spanish contact in the sixteenth century, the Cahuilla occupied territory that included the San Bernardino Mountains, Orocopia Mountain, and the Chocolate Mountains to the east, the Salton Sea and Borrego Springs to the south, Palomar Mountain and Lake Mathews to the west, and the Santa Ana River to the north. The Cahuilla were a Takic-speaking people closely related to their Gabrielino and Luiseño neighbors, although relations with the Gabrielino were more intense than with the Luiseño. The Cahuilla differed from the Luiseño and Gabrielino in that their religion was more similar to the Mohave tribes of the eastern deserts than the Chingichngish cult of the Luiseño and Gabrielino.

The territory of the Gabrielino, at the time of Spanish contact in the sixteenth century, was located in much of present-day Los Angeles and Orange counties. The southern extent of this group was bounded by Aliso Creek, the eastern extent was located east of present-day San Bernardino along the Santa Ana River, the northern extent included the San Fernando Valley, and the western extent included portions of the Santa Monica Mountains. The Gabrielino also occupied several of the Channel Islands, including Santa Barbara Island, Santa Catalina Island, San Nicholas Island, and San Clemente Island. Because of their access to certain resources, including a steatite source from Santa Catalina Island, this group was among the wealthiest and most populous aboriginal groups in all of southern California. Trade of materials and resources controlled by the Gabrielino extended as far north as the San Joaquin Valley, as far east as the Colorado River, and as far south as Baja California (Bean and Smith 1978a; Kroeber 1976).

Aboriginally, the Serrano occupied an area east of present-day Los Angeles. According to Bean and Smith (1978b), definitive boundaries are difficult to place for the Serrano due to their sociopolitical organization and a lack of reliable data:

The Serrano were organized into autonomous localized lineages occupying definite, favored territories, but rarely claiming any territory far removed from the
lineage’s home base. Since the entire dialectical group was neither politically united nor amalgamated into supralineage groups, as many of their neighbors were, one must speak in terms of generalized areas of usage rather than pan-tribal holdings. (Strong [1929] in Bean and Smith 1978b)

However, researches place the Serrano in the San Bernardino Mountains east of Cajon Pass and at the base and north of the mountains near Victorville, east to Twentynine Palms, and south to the Yucaipa Valley (Bean and Smith 1978b). Serrano has been used broadly for languages in the Takic family including Serrano, Kitanemuk, Vanyume, and Tataviam.

**Historic Period**

The historic background of the project began with the Spanish colonialization of Alta California. The first Spanish colonizing expedition reached southern California in 1769 with the intention of converting and civilizing the indigenous populations, as well as expanding the knowledge of and access to new resources in the region (Brigandi 1998). In the late eighteenth century, the San Gabriel (Los Angeles County), San Juan Capistrano (Orange County), and San Luis Rey (San Diego County) missions began colonizing southern California, and gradually expanded their use of the interior valley (presently western Riverside County) for raising grain and cattle to support the missions. The San Gabriel Mission claimed lands in what is presently Jurupa, Riverside, San Jacinto, and the San Gorgonio Pass, while the San Luis Rey Mission claimed land in what is presently Lake Elsinore, Temecula, and Murrieta (American Local History Network: Riverside County, California 1998). The indigenous groups that occupied these lands were recruited by missionaries, converted, and put to work in the missions (Pourade 1964). Throughout this period, the Native American populations were decimated by introduced diseases, a drastic shift in diet resulting in poor nutrition, and social conflicts due to the introduction of an entirely new social order (Cook 1976).

In the mid- to late 1770s, Juan Bautista de Anza passed through much of Riverside County while searching for an overland route from Sonora, Mexico to San Gabriel and Los Angeles, where he described fertile valleys, lakes, and sub-desert areas (American Local History Network: Riverside County, California 1998; Riverside County n.d.). In 1797, Father Presidente Lausen, Father Norberto de Santiago, and Corporal Pedro Lisalde led an expedition from Mission San Juan Capistrano through southwestern Riverside County in search of a new mission site, before constructing Mission San Luis Rey in northern San Diego County (Brigandi 1998).

While no missions were ever built in what would become Riverside County (American Local History Network: Riverside County, California 1998), many mission outposts, or *asistencias*, were established in the early years of the nineteenth century to extend the missions’ influence to the backcountry (Brigandi 1998). Two outposts located in Riverside County include San Jacinto and Temecula.

Mexico gained independence in 1822 and desecularized the missions in 1832, signifying the end of the Mission Period (Brigandi 1998; Riverside County n.d.). By this time, the missions
owned some of the best and most fertile land in southern California. In order for California to
develop, the land would have to be made productive enough to turn a profit (Brigandi 1998).The new government began distributing the vast mission holdings to wealthy and politically
connected Mexican citizens. The “grants” were called “ranchos,” of which Jurupa, El Rincon,
La Sierra, El Sobrante de San Jacinto, La Laguna (Lake Elsinore), Santa Rosa, Temecula,
Pauma, San Jacinto Nuevo y Potrero, and San Jacinto Viejo were located in present-day
Riverside County. Many of these ranchos have lent their names to modern-day locales
(American Local History Network: Riverside County, California 1998). The first grant in
present-day Riverside County was Rancho Jurupa, given to Juan Bandini in 1838. These ranchos
were all located in the valley environments typical of western Riverside County.

The treatment of Native Americans worsened during the Rancho Period. Most of the
Native Americans were forced off their land or put to work on the now privately owned ranchos,
most often as slave labor. In light of the brutal ranchos, the degree to which Native Americans
had become dependent upon the mission system became evident when, in 1838, a group of
Native Americans from the San Luis Rey Mission petitioned government officials in San Diego
to relieve suffering at the hands of the rancheros, stating:

We have suffered incalculable losses, for some of which we are in part to be
blamed for because many of us have abandoned the Mission … We plead and
beseech you … to grant us a Rev. Father for this place. We have been
accustomed to the Rev. Fathers and to their manner of managing the duties. We
labored under their intelligent directions, and we were obedient to the Fathers
according to the regulations, because we considered it as good for us. (Brigandi
1998:21)

Native American culture had been disrupted to the point where they could no longer rely
upon prehistoric subsistence and social patterns. Not only does this illustrate how dependent the
Native Americans had become upon the missionaries, but it also indicates a marked contrast in
the way the Spanish treated the Native Americans as compared to the Mexican and United States
ranchers. Spanish colonialism (missions) is based upon utilizing human resources while
integrating them into their society. The ranchers, both Mexican and American, did not accept
Native Americans into their social order and used them specifically for the extraction of labor,
resources, and profit. Rather than being incorporated, they were either subjugated or
exterminated (Cook 1976).

In 1846, war erupted between Mexico and the United States. In 1848, with the signing of
the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, the region was annexed as a territory of the United States, and
in 1850, California became a state. These events generated a steady flow of settlers into the area,
including gold miners, entrepreneurs, health-seekers, speculators, politicians, adventurers,
seekers of religious freedom, and individuals desiring to create utopian colonies.
With the completion of the transcontinental railroad in 1869, land speculators, developers, and colonists began to invest in southern California. The first colony in what was to become Riverside County was Riverside itself. Judge John Wesley North, an abolitionist from Tennessee, brought a group of associates and co-investors out to southern California and founded Riverside on part of the Jurupa Rancho. A few years after, the navel orange was planted and found to be such a success that it quickly became the agricultural staple of the region (American Local History Network: Riverside County, California 1998).

By the late 1880s and early 1890s, there was growing discontent between Riverside and San Bernardino, its neighbor 10 miles to the north, due to differences in opinion concerning religion, morality, the Civil War, politics, and fierce competition to attract settlers. After a series of instances in which charges were claimed about unfair use of tax monies to the benefit of only the city of San Bernardino, several people from Riverside decided to investigate the possibility of a new county. In May of 1893, voters living within portions of San Bernardino County (to the north) and San Diego County (to the south) approved the formation of Riverside County. Early business opportunities were linked to the agriculture industry but commerce, construction, manufacturing, transportation, and tourism also provided a healthy local economy. By the time Riverside County formation, it had grown to become the wealthiest city per capita in the country due to the successful cultivation of the navel orange (American Local History Network: Riverside County, California 1998; Riverside County n.d.). Farming activities in what became the western portion of Riverside County consisted of the cultivation of crops ranging from wheat and barley to the navel orange. In addition to agricultural farming, the area is also home to numerous dairy operations and chicken farms.

The project is located within the previous Rancho San Jacinto Nuevo y Portrero land grant. The rancho was granted to Miguel Pedrorena by Mexican Governor Pío Pico in 1846 (Hoffman 1862). In 1853, Jose Antonio Aguirre, the owner of Rancho San Jacinto Sobrante and Pedrorena’s father-in-law, purchased the land from Pedrorena (Robinson 1997).

In 1881, the California Southern Railroad laid the tracks for the transcontinental route of the Santa Fe Railway through the plains, west of the project. At this time, the area where the railroad was placed was referred to as the San Jacinto Plains. Surveying and construction of the railroad route was led by Patrick Thomas Perris, for whom the city of Perris was named. The railroad was completed in 1882, which allowed hundreds of settlers to enter the area for homesteading, most of them settling in Pinacate to the south (City of Perris 2013).

While still part of San Diego County, Rancho San Jacinto Nuevo y Portrero was patented to T.W. Sutherland, guardian of Miguel Pedrorena’s children, in 1883 (Robinson 1997). In 1885, the citizens of Pinacate gathered together to create a more conveniently located station along the railroad route, and in 1886, after much hard work, the town site of Perris was established (City of Perris 2013). In 1911, Perris became an incorporated city, relying heavily upon dry grain farming and citrus groves (City of Perris 2013).
III. **AREA OF POTENTIAL EFFECT**

For the purposes of this study, the entire project will be considered as the Area of Potential Effect (APE). The project is a 9.12-acre parcel located at the intersection of West Markham Street and Indian Avenue. The APE studied as part of the cultural resources assessment can be characterized as generally flat, mostly disturbed gravel parking lot, with a staging area, and open field located at 4414 West Markham Street.

IV. **SCOPE OF WORK**

In order to determine the presence of cultural resources within the proposed project, the archaeological investigation consisted of the following tasks:

1) An archaeological records search was requested from the EIC at UCR to gather any information regarding recorded cultural resources within or adjacent to the project.
2) The initial archaeological survey of the property was accomplished by conducting a structured intensive reconnaissance that followed survey transects, which were parallel to the existing street directions. All areas of disturbed ground and any rodent burrows were analyzed for evidence of buried archaeological deposits.
3) This archaeological technical report was prepared to present the results of the field survey, impact analysis, and presentation of any mitigation measures required for project approval.

V. **RESULTS OF STUDY**

*Background Research and Results of Record Searches*

BFSA reviewed records search data from the EIC at UCR (Confidential Appendix). Although no resources were recorded within the project boundaries, the search results identified 17 cultural resource properties located within one mile of the project (Table 1).
Table 1
Previously Recorded Archaeological Sites
Within a One-Mile Radius of the Project

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site Number</th>
<th>Site Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RIV-5516/H</td>
<td>Historic well casing (1941)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P-33-007649 and P-33-007650</td>
<td>Camp Haan Barracks (1941)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P-33-007674</td>
<td>Val Verde Elementary School (1911 to 1960)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P-33-008699</td>
<td>Historic reservoir remnants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P-33-008700</td>
<td>Historic standpipe remnants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P-33-011604</td>
<td>Historic well/pump dating to 1930s to 1940s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RIV-7744</td>
<td>Perris Indian School (1892 to 1904); Smith-Lowery Farm dating to circa 1910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RIV-8222</td>
<td>Historic structure pads and agricultural remnants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P-33-015854</td>
<td>Historic standpipe and well remnants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RIV-8312</td>
<td>Historic water reservoir and electric pump (1950)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RIV-10,111</td>
<td>Historic homestead and water system circa 1930s to 1950s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RIV-10,260</td>
<td>Historic irrigation system remnants post-1913</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RIV-11,291</td>
<td>Historic grain mill facility foundation and grain dump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P-33-024092</td>
<td>Historic standpipes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P-33-024867</td>
<td>Historic Lateral B-Oleander Channel segment circa 1950s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P-33-024868</td>
<td>Historic road</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The records search results also indicated that there have been a total of 30 cultural resource studies conducted within a one-mile radius of the project, two of which involved the project (Clifford and Smith 2005; Tang et al. 2007). The two archaeological assessment reports were prepared by Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc. (Clifford and Smith 2005) for the IDI Perris Project and by CRM Tech (Tang et al. 2007) for the North Perris Industrial Specific Plan. No resources were discovered within the project APE as part of any of the three studies.

BFSA also requested a records search of the Sacred Lands Files of the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC). The NAHC records search did not indicate the presence of a sacred site within the search radius, however a list of Native American contacts was provided by the NAHC to research further. Original correspondence is provided in Attachment C.

The records search and literature review suggest that there is a potential for primarily historic sites to be contained within the boundaries of the property. Given the historic settlement of the region, in addition to the frequency of historic sites known to be surrounding the project APE, there is a potential for archaeological discoveries associated with the historic occupation of the valley area. The results of the records search suggest, however, that historic sites should be the primary site type within the property, as very few prehistoric sites have been recorded in the project.
**Field Reconnaissance**

Principal Investigator Brian F. Smith directed the pedestrian survey of the project by field archaeologists Clarence Hoff and James Shrieve on August 10, 2016. Aerial photographs, maps, and compass permitted orientation and location of project boundaries. Where possible, narrow transect paths were employed to ensure maximum lot coverage. All exposed ground was inspected for cultural materials. A survey form, field notes, and photographs documented the survey work undertaken. The property currently includes a fenced operations yard for a construction company on the north and a vacant area on the south. Views of the property are provided in Plates 1 and 2. Both areas have been previously disturbed by past agricultural use of this area and more recent use of the north section as a construction staging area.

Plate 1: View of the project from the western boundary, looking east. A parking lot and staging area occupies the most of the project.
Limitations encountered during the survey included gravel surfaces, fencing, and scaffolding equipment in the north half of project and vegetation in the southern half. For the most part, visibility was limited due to the gravel surfaces and vegetation. Considerable vegetation ground cover was encountered which consists of weeds and trees. Pepper and Tamarisk trees are present in the southwest quarter of the project. The northern half consisted of a gravel parking lot and staging area. Contained in the area are fencing and scaffolding materials. All objects and structures located within the property were determined to be of modern origin and do not meet the age threshold defined by CEQA to be considered historic. This was confirmed through a review of historic aerial photographs. During the survey, BFSA staff carefully inspected all exposed ground surfaces and disturbed areas. No cultural resources, either historic or prehistoric, were discovered during the survey. The lack of prehistoric sites is likely due to the absence of bedrock and dependable water sources. This location was closely inspected for any evidence of possible prehistoric use; however, no traces of any prehistoric use of this area were observed.
VI. **RECOMMENDATIONS**

No cultural resources or deposits were identified during the archaeological survey conducted for the Markham Project, nor did the records search indicate the existence of any recorded sites on the property. Based upon the previous ground-disturbing activities and the absence of recorded cultural resources within the project boundaries, the potential for cultural resources to be present or disturbed by the proposed project is negative. Therefore, no further archaeological action is recommended as a condition of permit approval, and mitigation measures will not be required to mitigate impacts to cultural resources.

VII. **CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that the statements furnished above and in the attached exhibits present the data and information required for this archaeological report, and that the facts, statements, and information presented are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, and have been compiled in accordance with CEQA criteria as defined in Section 15064.5.

[Signature]

Brian F. Smith
Principal Investigator

September 26, 2016

Date
VIII. ATTACHMENT A

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A Phase I Cultural Resources Survey for the Markham Project

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1979 Development of Vegetation and Climate in the Southwestern United States. Science
204:701-710.

Warren, Claude N. and M.G. Pavesic
1963 Shell Midden Analysis of Site SDI-603 and Ecological Implications for Cultural
Development of Batequitos Lagoon, San Diego County, Los Angeles. University of
Brian F. Smith, MA
Owner, Principal Investigator

Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc.
14010 Poway Road • Suite A •
Phone: (858) 679-8218 • Fax: (858) 679-9896 • E-Mail: bsmith@bfsa-ca.com

Education

Master of Arts, History, University of San Diego, California 1982
Bachelor of Arts, History, and Anthropology, University of San Diego, California 1975

Professional Memberships

Society for California Archaeology

Experience

Principal Investigator 1977–Present
Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc. Poway, California

Brian F. Smith is the owner and principal historical and archaeological consultant for Brian F. Smith and Associates. Over the past 32 years, he has conducted over 2,500 cultural resource studies in California, Arizona, Nevada, Montana, and Texas. These studies include every possible aspect of archaeology from literature searches and large-scale surveys to intensive data recovery excavations. Reports prepared by Mr. Smith have been submitted to all facets of local, state, and federal review agencies, including the US Army Corps of Engineers, the Bureau of Land Management, the Bureau of Reclamation, the Department of Defense, and the Department of Homeland Security. In addition, Mr. Smith has conducted studies for utility companies (Sempra Energy) and state highway departments (CalTrans).

Professional Accomplishments

These selected major professional accomplishments represent research efforts that have added significantly to the body of knowledge concerning the prehistoric life ways of cultures once present in the Southern California area and historic settlement since the late 18th century. Mr. Smith has been principal investigator on the following select projects, except where noted.


Archaeology at the Padres Ballpark: Involved the analysis of historic resources within a seven-block area of the "East Village" area of San Diego, where occupation spanned a period from the 1870s to the 1940s. Over a period of two years, BFSA recovered over 200,000 artifacts and hundreds of pounds of metal, construction debris, unidentified broken glass, and wood. Collectively, the Ballpark Project and the other downtown mitigation and monitoring projects represent the largest historical archaeological program anywhere in the country in the past decade (2000-2007).

4S Ranch Archaeological and Historical Cultural Resources Study: Data recovery program consisted of the excavation of over 2,000 square meters of archaeological deposits that produced over one million artifacts, containing primarily prehistoric materials. The archaeological program at 4S Ranch is the largest archaeological study ever undertaken in the San Diego County area and has produced data that has exceeded expectations regarding the resolution of long-standing research questions and regional prehistoric settlement patterns.

Charles H. Brown Site: Attracted international attention to the discovery of evidence of the antiquity of man in North America. Site located in Mission Valley, in the city of San Diego.

Del Mar Man Site: Study of the now famous Early Man Site in Del Mar, California, for the San Diego Science Foundation and the San Diego Museum of Man, under the direction of Dr. Spencer Rogers and Dr. James R. Moriarty.

Old Town State Park Projects: Consulting Historical Archaeologist. Projects completed in the Old Town State Park involved development of individual lots for commercial enterprises. The projects completed in Old Town include Archaeological and Historical Site Assessment for the Great Wall Cafe (1992), Archaeological Study for the Old Town Commercial Project (1991), and Cultural Resources Site Survey at the Old San Diego Inn (1988).

Site W-20, Del Mar, California: A two-year-long investigation of a major prehistoric site in the Del Mar area of the city of San Diego. This research effort documented the earliest practice of religious/ceremonial activities in San Diego County (circa 6,000 years ago), facilitated the projection of major non-material aspects of the La Jolla Complex, and revealed the pattern of civilization at this site over a continuous period of 5,000 years. The report for the investigation included over 600 pages, with nearly 500,000 words of text, illustrations, maps, and photographs documenting this major study.

City of San Diego Reclaimed Water Distribution System: A cultural resource study of nearly 400 miles of pipeline in the city and county of San Diego.

Master Environmental Assessment Project, City of Poway: Conducted for the City of Poway to produce a complete inventory of all recorded historic and prehistoric properties within the city. The information was used in conjunction with the City's General Plan Update to produce a map matrix of the city showing areas of high, moderate, and low potential for the presence of cultural resources. The effort also included the development of the City's Cultural Resource Guidelines, which were adopted as City policy.

Draft of the City of Carlsbad Historical and Archaeological Guidelines: Contracted by the City of Carlsbad to produce the draft of the City's historical and archaeological guidelines for use by the Planning Department of the City.

The Mid-Bayfront Project for the City of Chula Vista: Involved a large expanse of undeveloped agricultural land situated between the railroad and San Diego Bay in the northwestern portion of the city. The study included the analysis of some potentially historic features and numerous prehistoric sites.
Cultural Resources Survey and Test of Sites Within the Proposed Development of the Audie Murphy Ranch, Riverside County, California: Project manager/director of the investigation of 1,113.4 acres and 43 sites, both prehistoric and historic— included project coordination; direction of field crews; evaluation of sites for significance based on County of Riverside and CEQA guidelines; assessment of cupule, pictograph, and rock shelter sites; co-authoring of cultural resources project report. February-September 2002.

Cultural Resources Evaluation of Sites Within the Proposed Development of the Otay Ranch Village Project, San Diego County, California: Project manager/director of the investigation of 1,947 acres and 76 sites, both prehistoric and historic— included project coordination and budgeting; direction of field crews; assessment of sites for significance based on County of San Diego and CEQA guidelines; co-authoring of cultural resources project report. May-November 2002.

Cultural Resources Survey for the Remote Video Surveillance Project, El Centro Sector, Imperial County: Project manager/director for a survey of 29 individual sites near the U.S./Mexico border for proposed video surveillance camera locations associated with the San Diego border barrier project—project coordination and budgeting; direction of field crews; site identification and recordation; assessment of potential impacts to cultural resources; meeting and coordinating with U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, U.S. Border Patrol, and other government agencies involved; co-authoring of cultural resources project report. January, February, and July 2002.

Cultural Resources Survey and Test of Sites Within the Proposed Development of the Menifee West GPA, Riverside County, California: Project manager/director of the investigation of nine sites, both prehistoric and historic— included project coordination and budgeting; direction of field crews; assessment of sites for significance based on County of Riverside and CEQA guidelines; cultural resources project report. January-March 2002.

Mitigation of An Archaic Cultural Resource for the Eastlake III Woods Project for the City of Chula Vista, California: Project archaeologist/director— included direction of field crews; development and completion of data recovery program including collection of material for specialized faunal and botanical analyses; assessment of sites for significance based on CEQA guidelines; management of artifact collections cataloging and curation; data synthesis; co-authoring of cultural resources project report, in prep. September 2001-March 2002.

Cultural Resources Survey and Test of Sites Within the Proposed French Valley Specific Plan/EIR, Riverside County, California: Project manager/director of the investigation of two prehistoric and three historic sites— included project coordination and budgeting; survey of project area; Native American consultation; direction of field crews; assessment of sites for significance based on CEQA guidelines; cultural resources project report in prep. July-August 2000.

Cultural Resources Survey and Test of Sites Within the Proposed Lawson Valley Project, San Diego County, California: Project manager/director of the investigation of 28 prehistoric and two historic sites— included project coordination; direction of field crews; assessment of sites for significance based on CEQA guidelines; cultural resources project report in prep. July-August 2000.


Enhanced Cultural Resource Survey and Evaluation for the Prewitt/Schmucker/Cavadas Project, La Jolla, California: Project manager/director of the investigation of a single-dwelling parcel— included project coordination; direction of field crews; assessment of parcel for potentially buried cultural deposits; authoring of cultural resources project report. June 2000.
Cultural Resources Survey and Test of Sites Within the Proposed Development of the Menifee Ranch, Riverside County, California: Project manager/director of the investigation of one prehistoric and five historic sites—includes project coordination and budgeting; direction of field crews; feature recordation; historic structure assessments; assessment of sites for significance based on CEQA guidelines; historic research; co-authoring of cultural resources project report. February-June 2000.

Salvage Mitigation of a Portion of the San Diego Presidio Identified During Water Pipe Construction for the City of San Diego, California: Project archaeologist/director—included direction of field crews; development and completion of data recovery program; management of artifact collections cataloging and curation; data synthesis and authoring of cultural resources project report in prep. April 2000.

Enhanced Cultural Resource Survey and Evaluation for the Tyrian 3 Project, La Jolla, California: Project manager/director of the investigation of a single-dwelling parcel—included project coordination; assessment of parcel for potentially buried cultural deposits; authoring of cultural resources project report. April 2000.

Enhanced Cultural Resource Survey and Evaluation for the Lamont 5 Project, Pacific Beach, California: Project manager/director of the investigation of a single-dwelling parcel—included project coordination; assessment of parcel for potentially buried cultural deposits; authoring of cultural resources project report. April 2000.

Enhanced Cultural Resource Survey and Evaluation for the Reiss Residence Project, La Jolla, California: Project manager/director of the investigation of a single-dwelling parcel—included project coordination; assessment of parcel for potentially buried cultural deposits; authoring of cultural resources project report. March-April 2000.

Salvage Mitigation of a Portion of Site SDM-W-95 (CA-SDI-211) for the Poinsettia Shores Santalina Development Project and Caltrans, Carlsbad, California: Project archaeologist/director—included direction of field crews; development and completion of data recovery program; management of artifact collections cataloging and curation; data synthesis and authoring of cultural resources project report in prep. December 1999-January 2000.

Survey and Testing of Two Prehistoric Cultural Resources for the Airway Truck Parking Project, Otay Mesa, California: Project archaeologist/director—included direction of field crews; development and completion of testing recovery program; assessment of site for significance based on CEQA guidelines; authoring of cultural resources project report, in prep. December 1999-January 2000.

Cultural Resources Phase I and II Investigations for the Tin Can Hill Segment of the Immigration and Naturalization Services Triple Fence Project Along the International Border, San Diego County, California: Project manager/director for a survey and testing of a prehistoric quarry site along the border—NRHP eligibility assessment; project coordination and budgeting; direction of field crews; feature recordation; meeting and coordinating with U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; co-authoring of cultural resources project report. December 1999-January 2000.

Mitigation of a Prehistoric Cultural Resource for the Westview High School Project for the City of San Diego, California: Project archaeologist/director—included direction of field crews; development and completion of data recovery program including collection of material for specialized faunal and botanical analyses; assessment of sites for significance based on CEQA guidelines; management of artifact collections cataloging and curation; data synthesis; co-authoring of cultural resources project report, in prep. October 1999-January 2000.

Mitigation of a Prehistoric Cultural Resource for the Otay Ranch SPA-One West Project for the City of Chula Vista, California: Project archaeologist/director—included direction of field crews; development of data recovery program; management of artifact collections cataloging and curation; assessment of
site for significance based on CEQA guidelines; data synthesis; authoring of cultural resources project report, in prep. September 1999-January 2000.

Monitoring of Grading for the Herschel Place Project, La Jolla, California: Project archaeologist/monitor—included monitoring of grading activities associated with the development of a single-dwelling parcel. September 1999.

Survey and Testing of a Historic Resource for the Osterkamp Development Project, Valley Center, California: Project archaeologist/director—included direction of field crews; development and completion of data recovery program; budget development; assessment of site for significance based on CEQA guidelines; management of artifact collections cataloging and curation; data synthesis; authoring of cultural resources project report. July-August 1999.

Survey and Testing of a Prehistoric Cultural Resource for the Proposed College Boulevard Alignment Project, Carlsbad, California: Project manager/director—included direction of field crews; development and completion of testing recovery program; assessment of site for significance based on CEQA guidelines; management of artifact collections cataloging and curation; data synthesis; authoring of cultural resources project report, in prep. July-August 1999.

Survey and Evaluation of Cultural Resources for the Palomar Christian Conference Center Project, Palomar Mountain, California: Project archaeologist—included direction of field crews; assessment of sites for significance based on CEQA guidelines; management of artifact collections cataloging and curation; data synthesis; authoring of cultural resources project report. July-August 1999.

Survey and Evaluation of Cultural Resources at the Village 2 High School Site, Otay Ranch, City of Chula Vista, California: Project manager/director—management of artifact collections cataloging and curation; assessment of site for significance based on CEQA guidelines; data synthesis; authoring of cultural resources project report. July 1999.

Cultural Resources Phase I, II, and III Investigations for the Immigration and Naturalization Services Triple Fence Project Along the International Border, San Diego County, California: Project manager/director for the survey, testing, and mitigation of sites along border—supervision of multiple field crews, NRHP eligibility assessments, Native American consultation, contribution to Environmental Assessment document, lithic and marine shell analysis, authoring of cultural resources project report. August 1997-January 2000.

Phase I, II, and II Investigations for the Scripps Poway Parkway East Project, Poway California: Project archaeologist/project director—included recordation and assessment of multicomponent prehistoric and historic sites; direction of Phase II and III investigations; direction of laboratory analyses including prehistoric and historic collections; curation of collections; data synthesis; coauthorship of final cultural resources report. February 1994; March-September 1994; September-December 1995.


Reports/Papers

Author, coauthor, or contributor to over 2,500 cultural resources management publications, a selection of which are presented below.

2015 An Archaeological/Historical Study for the Safari Highlands Ranch Project, City of Escondido, County of San Diego.

2015 A Phase I and II Cultural Resources Assessment for the Decker Parcels II Project, Planning Case No. 36962, Riverside County, California.

2015 A Phase I and II Cultural Resources Assessment for the Decker Parcels I Project, Planning Case No. 36950, Riverside County, California.


2015 Phase I Cultural Resource Survey for the Woodward Street Senior Housing Project, City of San Marcos, California (APN 218-120-31).


2015 A Phase I and II Cultural Resource Report for the Lake Ranch Project, TR 36730, Riverside County, California.

2015 A Phase II Cultural Resource Assessment for the Munro Valley Solar Project, Inyo County, California.


2014 National Historic Preservation Act Section 106 Compliance for the Proposed Saddleback Estates Project, Riverside County, California.

2014 A Phase II Cultural Resource Evaluation Report for RIV-8137 at the Toscana Project, TR 36593, Riverside County, California.

2014 Cultural Resources Study for the Estates at Del Mar Project, City of Del Mar, San Diego, California (TTM 14-001).

2014 Cultural Resources Study for the Aliso Canyon Major Subdivision Project, Rancho Santa Fe, San Diego County, California.

2014 Cultural Resources Due Diligence Assessment of the Ocean Colony Project, City of Encinitas.

2014 A Phase I and Phase II Cultural Resource Assessment for the Citrus Heights II Project, TTM 36475, Riverside County, California.

2013 A Phase I Cultural Resource Assessment for the Modular Logistics Center, Moreno Valley, Riverside County, California.
2013  A Phase I Cultural Resources Survey of the Ivey Ranch Project, Thousand Palms, Riverside County, California.
2013  Cultural Resources Report for the Emerald Acres Project, Riverside County, California.
2013  A Cultural Resources Records Search and Review for the Pala Del Norte Conservation Bank Project, San Diego County, California.
2013  An Updated Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment for Tentative Tract Maps 36484 and 36485, Audie Murphy Ranch, City of Menifee, County of Riverside.
2013  El Centro Town Center Industrial Development Project (EDA Grant No. 07-01-06386); Result of Cultural Resource Monitoring.
2013  Cultural Resources Survey Report for the Renda Residence Project, 9521 La Jolla Farms Road, La Jolla, California.
2013  A Phase I Cultural Resource Study for the Ballpark Village Project, San Diego, California.
2013  Archaeological Monitoring and Mitigation Program, San Clemente Senior Housing Project, 2350 South El Camino Real, City of San Clemente, Orange County, California (CUP No. 06-065; APN-060-032-04).
2012  Mitigation Monitoring Report for the Los Penasquitos Recycled Water Pipeline.
2012  Cultural Resources Report for Menifee Heights (Tract 32277).
2012  A Phase I Cultural Resource Study for the Altman Residence at 9696 La Jolla Farms Road, La Jolla, California 92037.
2012  A Phase I Cultural Resource Study for the Payan Property Project, San Diego, California.
2012  Phase I Archaeological Survey of the Rieger Residence, 13707 Durango Drive, Del Mar, California 92014, APN 300-369-49.
2011  Mitigation Monitoring Report for the 1887 Viking Way Project, La Jolla, California.
2011  Results of Archaeological Monitoring at the 10th Avenue Parking Lot Project, City of San Diego, California (APNs 534-194-02 and 03).
2011  Archaeological Survey of the Pelberg Residence for a Bulletin 560 Permit Application; 8335 Camino Del Oro; La Jolla, California 92037 APN 346-162-01-00.
2011  A Cultural Resources Survey Update and Evaluation for the Robertson Ranch West Project and an Evaluation of National Register Eligibility of Archaeological sites for Sites for Section 106 Review (NHPA).
2011  Mitigation Monitoring Report for the 43rd and Logan Project.
2011 Mitigation Monitoring Report for the Sewer Group 682 M Project, City of San Diego Project #174116.

2011 A Phase I Cultural Resource Study for the Nooren Residence Project, 8001 Calle de la Plata, La Jolla, California, Project No. 226965.

2011 A Phase I Cultural Resource Study for the Keating Residence Project, 9633 La Jolla Farms Road, La Jolla, California 92037.


2010 Pottery Canyon Site Archaeological Evaluation Project, City of San Diego, California, Contract No. H105126.

2010 Archaeological Resource Report Form: Mitigation Monitoring of the Racetrack View Drive Project, San Diego, California; Project No. 163216.

2010 A Historical Evaluation of Structures on the Butterfield Trails Property.

2010 Historic Archaeological Significance Evaluation of 1761 Haydn Drive, Encinitas, California (APN 260-276-07-00).

2010 Results of Archaeological Monitoring of the Heller/Nguyen Project, TPM 06-01, Poway, California.


2010 An Archaeological Study for the 1912 Spindrift Drive Project.

2009 Cultural Resource Assessment of the North Ocean Beach Gateway Project City of San Diego #64A-003A; Project #154116.

2009 Archaeological Constraints Study of the Morgan Valley Wind Assessment Project, Lake County, California.

2008 Results of an Archaeological Review of the Helen Park Lane 3.1-acre Property (APN 314-561-31), Poway, California.

2008 Archaeological Letter Report for a Phase I Archaeological Assessment of the Valley Park Condominium Project, Ramona, California; APN 282-262-75-00.


2007 Result of an Archaeological Survey for the Villages at Promenade Project (APNs 115-180-007-3,115-180-049-1, 115-180-042-4, 115-180-047-9) in the City of Corona, Riverside County.

2007 Monitoring Results for the Capping of Site CA-SDI-6038/SDM-W-5517 within the Katzer Jamul Center Project; P00-017.

2006 Archaeological Assessment for The Johnson Project (APN 322-011-10), Poway, California.
2005 Results of Archaeological Monitoring at the El Camino Del Teatro Accelerated Sewer Replacement Project (Bid No. K041364; WO # 177741; CIP # 46-610.6.

2005 Results of Archaeological Monitoring at the Baltazar Draper Avenue Project (Project No. 15857; APN: 351-040-09).

2004 TM 5325 ER #03-14-043 Cultural Resources.


2003 Evaluation of Archaeological Resources Within the Spring Canyon Biological Mitigation Area, Otay Mesa, San Diego County, California. Brian F. Smith and Associates, San Diego, California.


2002 An Archaeological/Historical Study for the Audie Murphy Ranch Project (et al.). Brian F. Smith and Associates, San Diego, California.


2001  A Cultural Resources Survey and Site Evaluations at the Stewart Subdivision Project, Moreno Valley, County of San Diego. Brian F. Smith and Associates, San Diego, California.


1999 Results of an Archaeological Evaluation for the Anthony’s Pizza Acquisition Project in Ocean Beach, City of San Diego (with L. Pierson and B. Smith). Brian F. Smith and Associates, San Diego, California.


1995 Results of a Cultural Resources Study for the 4S Ranch. Brian F. Smith and Associates, San Diego, California.


1994 Results of the Cultural Resources Mitigation Programs at Sites SDI-11,044/H and SDI-12,038 at the Salt Creek Ranch Project. Brian F. Smith and Associates, San Diego, California.


IX. ATTACHMENT B

Project Maps:
General Location Map
USGS Project Location Map
Project Development Map
Figure 1
General Location Map
The Markham Project
DeLorme World Base Map Service (1:250,000 series)
Figure 2
Project Location Map
The Markham Project
USGS Perris Quadrangle (7.5-minute series)
Figure 3
Project Development Map
The Markham Project
X. ATTACHMENT C

NAHC Sacred Lands File Search Results
July 20, 2016

For: Native American Heritage Commission  
915 Capitol Mall, Room 364  
Sacramento, California 95814

From: Kris Reinicke  
Brian F. Smith and Associates Inc.  
14010 Poway Rd. Suite A  
Poway, CA 92064

Re: Request for Sacred Lands File and Native American Contact List for the Markham Project, Perris, Riverside County, California

I would like to request a record search of the Sacred Lands File and a list of appropriate Native American contacts for the following project: Markham (Project No. 16-145). The project is a Phase I archaeological assessment requested by the City of Perris for the development of a 9.12 acre parcel, to construct an industrial complex. The project is located at 4414 West Markham Street, intersection with Indian Street, in Perris, Riverside County, CA. Specifically, the project is located in the San Jacinto Nuevo and Potrero Land Grant (Township 04 south, Range 03 west, projected) in the USGS Perris Quadrangle. A copy of the project map showing the project area and a 1 mile search radius buffer as well as the corresponding shapefile depicted thereon, has been included for your records.

Sincerely,

Kris Reinicke  
Archaeologist/GIS Specialist  
Billing: 14678 Ibex Court, San Diego, CA 92129  
Phone: 858-484-0915  
Email: kris@bfsa-ca.com

Attachments:  
USGS 7.5 Perris, California, topographic maps with project area delineated.  
Project Area Shapefile (.zip)
Information Below is Required for a Sacred Lands File Search

Project: The Markham Project

County: Riverside

USGS Quadrangle Name: Perris

Township: 04S  Range: 03W (Projected, in the San Jacinto Nuevo and Potrero Land Grant)

Company/Firm/Agency: Brian F. Smith & Associates Inc.

Contact Person: Kris Reinicke

Street Address: 14010 Poway Road, Suite A

City: Poway  Zip: 92064

Phone: 858-484-0915

Fax: 858-679-9896

Email: kris@bfsa-ca.com

Project Description:

This records search is for my company's project: Markham (Project No. 16-145). The project is a Phase I archaeological assessment requested by the City of Perris for the development of a 9.12 acre parcel, to construct an industrial complex. The project is located at 4414 West Markham Street, intersection with Indian Street, in Perris, Riverside County, CA. Specifically, the project is located in the San Jacinto Nuevo and Potrero Land Grant (Township 04 south, Range 03 west, projected) in the USGS Perris Quadrangle. A copy of the project map showing the project area and a 1 mile search radius buffer as well as the corresponding shapefile depicted thereon, has been included for your records.
August 25, 2016

Kris Reinicke
Brian F. Smith & Associates, Inc.

Sent by E-mail: kris@bfsa-ca.com

RE: Proposed Markham Phase I Archaeological Assessment Project, City of Perris; Perris USGS Quadrangle, Riverside County, California

Dear Ms. Reinicke:

A record search of the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) Sacred Lands File was completed for the area of potential project effect (APE) referenced above with negative results. Please note that the absence of specific site information in the Sacred Lands File does not indicate the absence of Native American cultural resources in any APE.

I suggest you contact all of the listed Tribes. If they cannot supply information, they might recommend others with specific knowledge. The list should provide a starting place to locate areas of potential adverse impact within the APE. By contacting all those on the list, your organization will be better able to respond to claims of failure to consult. If a response has not been received within two weeks of notification, the NAHC requests that you follow-up with a telephone call to ensure that the project information has been received.

If you receive notification of change of addresses and phone numbers from any of these individuals or groups, please notify me. With your assistance we are able to assure that our lists contain current information. If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact via email: gayle.totton@nahc.ca.gov.

Sincerely,

Gayle Totton, M.A., PhD.
Associate Governmental Program Analyst
Native American Heritage Commission
Native American Contact List
Riverside County
8/25/2016

Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians
Patricia Garcia-Pilotkin, Director
5401 Dinah Shore Drive
Palm Springs, CA, 92264
Phone: (760) 699 - 6907
Fax: (760) 699-6924
ACBCI-THPO@aguacaliente.net

Ewiaapaayp Tribal Office
Michael Garcia, Vice Chairperson
4054 Willows Road
Alpine, CA, 91901
Phone: (619)445-6315
Fax: (619)445-9126
micheleg@leaningrock.net

Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians
Jeff Grubbe, Chairperson
5401 Dinah Shore Drive
Palm Springs, CA, 92264
Phone: (760) 699 - 6800
Fax: (760) 699-6919

Ewiaapaayp Tribal Office
Robert Pinto, Chairperson
4054 Willows Road
Alpine, CA, 91901
Phone: (619)445-6315
Fax: (619)445-9126

Augustine Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians
Amanda Vance, Chairperson
P.O. Box 846
Coachella, CA, 92236
Phone: (760)398-4722
Fax: (760)369-7161

Jamul Indian Village
Erica Pinto, Chairperson
P.O. Box 612
Jamul, CA, 91935
Phone: (619)669-4785
Fax: (619)669-4817

Cahuilla Band of Indians
Luther Selgado, Chairperson
52701 U.S. Highway 371
Anza, CA, 92539
Phone: (951) 763 - 5549
Fax: (951) 763-2808
Chairman@cahuilla.net

La Jolla Band of Luiseno Indians
Thomas Rodriguez, Chairperson
22000 Highway 76
Pauma Valley, CA, 92061
Phone: (760)742-3771

Cabazon Band of Mission Indians
Doug Welmas, Chairperson
84-245 Indio Springs Parkway
Indio, CA, 92203
Phone: (760)342-2593
Fax: (760)347-7880

La Posta Band of Mission Indians
Jevaughn Miller, Tribal Administrator
8 Crestwood Road
Boulevard, CA, 91905
Phone: (619)478-2113
Fax: (619)478-2125
jmiller@lapostatribe.net

Campo Band of Mission Indians
Ralph Goff, Chairperson
36190 Church Road, Suite 1
Campo, CA, 91906
Phone: (619)478-9046
Fax: (619)478-5818
rgoff@campo-nsn.gov

La Posta Band of Mission Indians
Gwendolyn Parada, Chairperson
8 Crestwood Road
Boulevard, CA, 91905
Phone: (619)478-2113
Fax: (619)478-2125
LP13boots@aol.com

*This list is current only as of the date of this document. Distribution of this list does not relieve any person of statutory responsibility as defined in Section 7050.5 of the Health and Safety Code, Section 5937.94 of the Public Resources Section 5997.98 of the Public Resources Code.

This list is only applicable for contacting local Native Americans with regard to cultural resources assessment for the proposed Murrihain (Project No. 16-145), Riverside County.
Native American Heritage Commission
Native American Contact List
Riverside County
8/25/2016

Los Coyotes Band of Mission Indians
Shane Chapparosa, Chairperson
P.O. Box 189
Warner Springs, CA, 92086-0189
Phone: (760)782-0711
Fax: (760)782-0712
Chapparosa@msn.com

Los Coyotes Band of Mission Indians
John Perada, Environmental Director
P.O. Box 189
Warner Springs, CA, 92086
Phone: (760)782-0712
Fax: (760)782-2730

Manzanita Band of Kumeyaay Nation
Nick Elliott, Cultural Resources Coordinator
P.O. Box 1302
Boulevard, CA, 91905
Phone: (619) 766-4930
Fax: (619) 766-4957
nickmepa@yahoo.com

Manzanita Band of Kumeyaay Nation
Angela Elliott Santos, Chairperson
P.O. Box 1302
Boulevard, CA, 91905
Phone: (619) 766-4930
Fax: (619) 766-4957

Mesa Grande Band of Mission Indians
Virgil Oyos, Chairperson
P.O. Box 270
Santa Ysabel, CA, 92070
Phone: (760)782-3818
Fax: (760)782-9092
mesagrandeband@msn.com

Morongo Band of Mission Indians
Robert Martin, Chairperson
12700 Pumarra Road
Banning, CA, 92220
Phone: (951)849-8807
Fax: (951)922-8146

Pala Band of Mission Indians
Shasta Gaughen, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer
PMB 50, 35008 Pala Temecula Rd.
Pala, CA, 92059
Phone: (760) 891-3515
Fax: (760) 742-3189
sgaughen@palatribe.com

Pauma Band of Luiseno Indians
-Temecula Indian Reservation
Temet Aguilar, Chairperson
P.O. Box 369, Ext. 303
Pauma Valley, CA, 92061
Phone: (760)742-1299
Fax: (760)742-3422

Pechanga Band of Mission Indians
Paul Macarro, Cultural Resources Manager
P.O. Box 1477
Temecula, CA, 92593
Phone: (951) 770-8100
Fax: (951) 506-9491
pmacarro@pechanga-nsn.gov

Pechanga Band of Mission Indians
Mark Macarro, Chairperson
P.O. Box 1477
Temecula, CA, 92593
Phone: (951) 770-8000
Fax: (951) 695-1778
striplett@pechanga-nsn.gov

This list is current only as of the date of this document. Distribution of this list does not relieve any person of statutory responsibility as defined in Section 7050.5 of the Health and Safety Code, Section 5007.94 of the Public Resource Section 5097.96 of the Public Resources Code.

This list is only applicable for contacting local Native Americans with regard to cultural resources assessment for the proposed Markham (Project No. 16-145), Riverside County.
Native American Heritage Commission
Native American Contact List
Riverside County
8/25/2016

Pechanga Band of Mission Indians
Anna Hoover, Cultural Analyst
P. O. Box 2183
Temecula, CA, 92593
Phone: (951) 770 - 8104
Fax: (951) 694-0446
ahoover@pechanga-nsn.gov

San Luis Rey Band of Mission Indians
San Luis Rey, Tribal Council
1889 Sunset Drive
Vista, CA, 92081
Phone: (760) 724-8505
Fax: (760) 724-2172
cjmojado@slrmissionindians.org

Ramona Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians
Joseph Hamilton, Chairperson
P. O. Box 391670
Anza, CA, 92539
Phone: (951) 763-4105
Fax: (951) 763-4325
admin@ramonatribe.com

San Luis Rey Band of Mission Indians
San Luis Rey, Tribal Council
1889 Sunset Drive
Vista, CA, 92081
Phone: (760) 724 - 8505
Fax: (760) 724-2172
cjmojado@slrmissionindians.org

Ramona Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians
John Gomez, Environmental Coordinator
P. O. Box 391670
Anza, CA, 92539
Phone: (951) 763 - 4105
Fax: (951) 763-4325
jgomez@ramonatribe.com

San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians
Allen E. Lawson, Chairperson
P. O. Box 365
Valley Center, CA, 92082
Phone: (760) 749-3200
Fax: (760) 749-3876
alienl@sanpasqualtribe.org

Rincon Band of Mission Indians
Jim McPherson, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer
1 West Tribal Road
Valley Center, CA, 92082
Phone: (760) 749-1051
Fax: (760) 749-5144
vwhipple@rincontribe.org

San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians
John Flores, Environmental Coordinator
P. O. Box 365
Valley Center, CA, 92082
Phone: (760) 749 - 3200
Fax: (760) 749-3876
johnf@sanpasqualtribe.org

Rincon Band of Mission Indians
Bo Mazzetti, Chairperson
1 West Tribal Road
Valley Center, CA, 92082
Phone: (760) 749-1051
Fax: (760) 749-5144
bomazzetti@aol.com

Santa Rosa Band of Mission Indians
Steven Estrada, Chairperson
P. O. Box 391820
Anza, CA, 92539
Phone: (951) 659-2700
Fax: (951) 659-2228

This list is current only as of the date of this document. Distribution of this list does not relieve any person of statutory responsibility as defined in Section 7050.5 of the Health and Safety Code, Section 5397.94 of the Public Resource Section 5397.06 of the Public Resources Code.

This list is only applicable for consulting local Native Americans with regard to cultural resources assessment for the proposed Marijuana (Project No. 18-145), Riverside County.

PROJ-001926 08/25/2016 10:58 AM 3 of 4
Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians
Joseph Ontiveros, Cultural Resource Department
P.O. BOX 487
San Jacinto, CA, 92581
Phone: (951)663-5279
Fax: (951)654-4198
jontiveros@soboba-nsn.gov

Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians
Mary Reevaloos, Chairperson
P.O. Box 1160
Cahuilla, CA, 92274
Phone: (760)397-0300
Fax: (760)397-8146
tmchair@torresmartinez.org

Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians
Julie Hagen,
1 Viejas Grade Road
Alpine, CA, 91901
Phone: (619) 445 - 3810
Fax: (619) 445-5337
jhagen@viejas-nsn.gov

Sycuan Band of the Kumeyaay Nation
Lisa Haws, Cultural Resources Manager
1 Kwaaypaay Court
El Cajon, CA, 92019
Phone: (619) 445 - 4564

Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians
Robert J. Welch, Chairperson
1 Viejas Grade Road
Alpine, CA, 91901
Phone: (619)445-3810
Fax: (619)445-5337
jhagen@viejas-nsn.gov

Sycuan Band of the Kumeyaay Nation
Cody J. Martinez, Chairperson
1 Kwaaypaay Court
El Cajon, CA, 92019
Phone: (619)445-2613
Fax: (619)445-1927
ssilva@sycuan-nsn.gov

Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians
Michael Mirelez, Cultural Resource Coordinator
P.O. Box 1160
Cahuilla, CA, 92274
Phone: (760)397-0022, Ext. 1213
Fax: (760)397-8146
mmirelez@tmcol.org

This list is current only as of the date of this document. Distribution of this list does not relieve any person of statutory responsibility as defined in Section 7050.5 of the Health and Safety Code, Section 5097.94 of the Public Resources Section 5097.58 of the Public Resources Code.

This list is only applicable for contacting local Native Americans with regard to cultural resources assessment for the proposed Markham (Project No. 16-146), Riverside County.
September 26, 2016

Allen E. Lawson  
Chairperson  
San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians  
P.O. Box 365  
Valley Center, California 92082  

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Lawson:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Amanda Vance  
Chairperson  
Augustine Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians  
P.O. Box 846  
Coachella, California  92236

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Ms. Vance:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Angela Elliott Santos
Chairperson
Manzanita Band of the Kumeyaay Nation
P.O. Box 1302
Boulevard, California  91905

Subject:  Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project,
Riverside County, California

Dear Ms. Santos:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural
resources on or near the Markham Project.  The information you provide will be used to assess areas of
potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE).  Any information
you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre
parcel to construct an industrial complex.   The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street,
northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California.
Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land
Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3
West [Projected]).  Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project
is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American
cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission
requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American
cultural resources that may be impacted by this project.  If you do have information to provide regarding
any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the
City of Perris directly.  We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Anna Hoover  
Cultural Analyst  
Pechanga Band of Mission Indians  
P.O. Box 2183  
Temecula, California  92593  

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Ms. Hoover:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Bo Mazzetti  
Chairperson  
Rincon Band of Mission Indians  
1 West Tribal Road  
Valley Center, California  92082  

Subject:  Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project,  
Riverside County, California  

Dear Mr. Mazzetti:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Carrie Garcia
Cultural Resources Manager
Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians
P.O. Box 487
San Jacinto, California 92581

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Ms. Garcia:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Cody J. Martinez  
Chairperson  
Sycuan Band of the Kumeyaay Nation  
1 Kwaaypaay Court  
El Cajon, California 92019

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Martinez:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Doug Welmas
Chairperson
Cabazon Band of Mission Indians
84-245 Indio Springs Parkway
Indio, California 92203

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Welmas:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Erica Pinto
Chairperson
Jamul Indian Village
P.O. Box 612
Jamul, California 91935

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project,
Riverside County, California

Dear Ms. Pinto:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural
resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of
potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information
you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre
parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street,
northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California.
Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land
Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3
West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project
is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American
cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission
requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American
cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding
any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the
City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Gwendolyn Parada  
Chairperson  
La Posta Band of Mission Indians  
8 Crestwood Road  
Boulevard, California 91905

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Ms. Parada:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Javaughn Miller
Tribal Administrator
La Posta Band of Mission Indians
8 Crestwood Road
Boulevard, California  91905

Subject:  Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project,
Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Miller:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural
resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of
potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information
you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre
parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street,
northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California.
Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land
Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3
West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project
is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American
cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission
requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American
cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding
any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the
City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Jeff Grubbe
Chairperson
Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians
5401 Dinah Shore Drive
Palm Springs, California 92264

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Grubbe:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Jim McPherson
Tribal Historic Preservation Officer
Rincon Band of Mission Indians
1 West Tribal Road
Valley Center, California  92082

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. McPherson:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

John Flores
Environmental Coordinator
San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians
P.O. Box 365
Valley Center, California  92082

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Flores:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

John Gomez  
Environmental Coordinator  
Ramona Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians  
P.O. Box 391670  
Anza, California 92539

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Gomez:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

John Perada  
Environmental Director  
Los Coyotes Band of Mission Indians  
P.O. Box 189  
Warner Springs, California  92086

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Perada:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Joseph Hamilton
Chairperson
Ramona Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians
P.O. Box 391670
Anza, California 92539

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Hamilton:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Joseph Ontiveros  
Cultural Resource Department  
Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians  
P.O. Box 487  
San Jacinto, California 92581

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Ontiveros:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Julie Hagen  
Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians  
1 Viejas Grade Road  
Alpine, California  91901

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Ms. Hagen:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Lisa Haws
Cultural Resources Manager
Sycuan Band of the Kumeyaay Nation
1 Kwaaypaay Court
El Cajon, California 92019

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Ms. Haws:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Luther Salgado  
Chairperson  
Cahuilla Band of Indians  
52701 U.S. Highway 371  
Anza, California 92539

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Salgado:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Mark Macarro  
Chairperson  
Pechanga Band of Mission Indians  
P.O. Box 1477  
Temecula, California  92593

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Macarro:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Mary Resvaloso
Chairperson
Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians
P.O. Box 1160
Thermal, California 92274

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Ms. Resvaloso:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfssa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Michael Garcia  
Vice Chairperson  
Ewiaapaayp Tribal Office  
4054 Willows Road  
Alpine, California  91901

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Garcia:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Michael Mirelez  
Cultural Resource Coordinator  
Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians  
P.O. Box 1160  
Thermal, California  92274

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Mirelez:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Nick Elliott
Cultural Resources Coordinator
Manzanita Band of the Kumeyaay Nation
P.O. Box 1302
Boulevard, California  91905

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Elliott:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Patricia Garcia-Plotkin
Director
Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians
5401 Dinah Shore Drive
Palm Springs, California  92264

Subject:  Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project,
Riverside County, California

Dear Ms. Garcia-Plotkin:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural
resources on or near the Markham Project.  The information you provide will be used to assess areas of
potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE).  Any information
you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre
parcel to construct an industrial complex.  The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street,
northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California.
Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land
Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3
West [Projected]).  Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project
is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American
cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission
requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American
cultural resources that may be impacted by this project.  If you do have information to provide regarding
any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the
City of Perris directly.  We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Paul Macarro  
Cultural Resources Manager  
Pechanga Band of Mission Indians  
P.O. Box 1477  
Temecula, California  92593  

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California  

Dear Mr. Macarro:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com  

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Ralph Goff
Chairperson
Campo Band of Mission Indians
36190 Church Road, Suite 1
Campo, California 91906

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Goff:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Robert J. Welch  
Chairperson  
Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians  
1 Viejas Grade Road  
Alpine, California 91901

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Welch:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Robert Martin  
Chairperson  
Morongo Band of Mission Indians  
12700 Pumarra Road  
Banning, California  92220

Subject:  Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Martin:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Robert Pinto
Chairperson
Ewiaapaayp Tribal Office
4054 Willows Road
Alpine, California 91901

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Pinto:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

San Luis Rey Band of Mission Indians
1889 Sunset Drive
Vista, California  92081

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

To Whom It May Concern:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

San Luis Rey Band of Mission Indians
Tribal Council
1889 Sunset Drive
Vista, California  92081

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

To Whom It May Concern:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Shane Chapparosa  
Chairperson  
Los Coyotes Band of Mission Indians  
P.O. Box 189  
Warner Springs, California  92086

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Chapparosa:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Shasta Gaughen
Tribal Historic Preservation Officer
Pala Band of Mission Indians
35008 Pala Temecula Road, PMB 50
Pala, California 92059

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Ms. Gaughen:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Steven Estrada
Chairperson
Santa Rosa Band of Mission Indians
P.O. Box 391820
Anza, California 92539

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Estrada:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA
Senior Project Archaeologist
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Temet Aguilar  
Chairperson  
Pauma Band of Luiseño Indians – Pauma & Yuima Reservation  
P.O. Box 369  
Pauma Valley, California 92061  

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Aguilar:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Thomas Rodriguez  
Chairperson  
La Jolla Band of Lusieño Indians  
22000 Highway 76  
Pauma Valley, California  92061

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project,  
Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Rodriguez:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural  
resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of  
potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information  
you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre  
parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street,  
northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California.  
Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land  
Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3  
West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project  
is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American  
cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission  
requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American  
cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding  
any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the  
City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
September 26, 2016

Virgil Oyos  
Chairperson  
Mesa Grande Band of Mission Indians  
P.O. Box 270  
Santa Ysabel, California 92070

Subject: Information regarding Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project, Riverside County, California

Dear Mr. Oyos:

This inquiry is requesting information you may have regarding the existence of Native American cultural resources on or near the Markham Project. The information you provide will be used to assess areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project’s Area of Potential Effect (APE). Any information you might provide will be kept confidential and will not be divulged to the public.

The project is in Riverside County, California, and includes the development of an approximately 9.12-acre parcel to construct an industrial complex. The project area can be found at the 4414 West Markham Street, northeast of the intersection of Markham Street and Indian Avenue in the city of Perris, California. Specifically, this project is located in an unsectioned portion of the San Jacinto Nuevo and Portrero Land Grant on the USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic quadrangle (Township 4 South, Range 3 West [Projected]). Please find enclosed sections of the USGS Perris Quadrangle map on which the project is delineated.

Although a records search of the Sacred Lands File has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate Markham Project area, the Native American Heritage Commission requested that we consult with you directly regarding the potential for the presence of Native American cultural resources that may be impacted by this project. If you do have information to provide regarding any resources on or near the project, please contact Brian Smith or myself at (858) 484-0915, or contact the City of Perris directly. We would like to extend our thanks for your response regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Tracy A. Stropes, M.A., RPA  
Senior Project Archaeologist  
tstropes@bfsa-ca.com

Attachment:  
USGS 7.5-minute Perris, California topographic map with project area delineated
XI. CONFIDENTIAL APPENDIX

Archaeological Records Search Results

(Deleted for Public Review; Bound Separately)